

Year 4

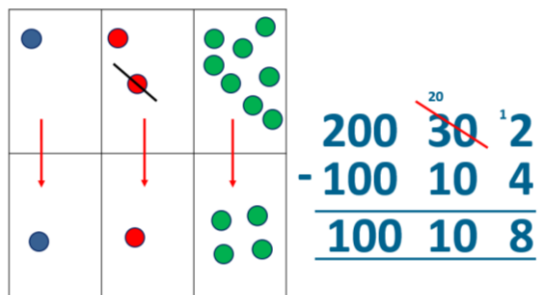
Missing number/digit problems: $456 + \square = 710$;

$1\square7 + 6\square = 200$; $60 + 99 + \square = 340$; $200 - 90 - 80 = \square$; $225 - \square = 150$; $\square - 25 = 67$; $3450 - 1000 = \square$; $\square - 2000 = 900$

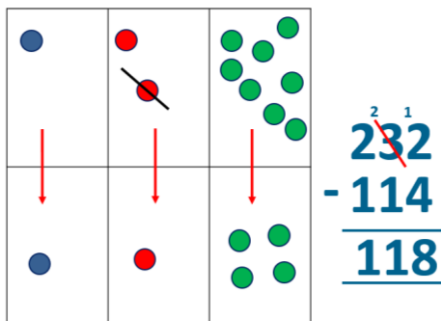
Mental methods should continue to develop, supported by a range of models and images, including the number line. The bar model should continue to be used to help with problem solving.

Written methods (progressing to 4-digits)

Expanded column subtraction with decomposition, modelled with place value counters, progressing to calculations with 4-digit numbers.



If understanding of the expanded method is secure, children will move on to the formal method of decomposition, which again can be initially modelled with place value counters.



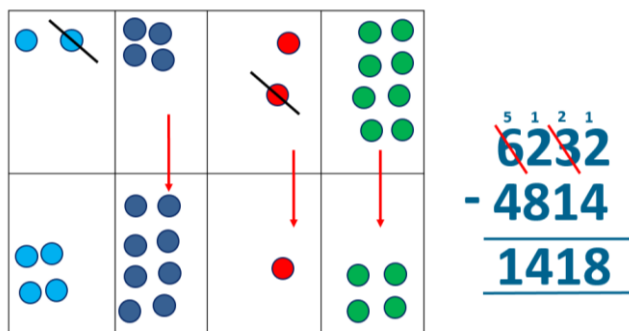
Year 5

Missing number/digit problems: $6.45 = 6 + 0.4 + \square$; $119 - \square = 86$; $1\ 000\ 000 - \square = 999\ 000$; $600\ 000 + \square + 1000 = 671\ 000$; $12\ 462 - 2\ 300 = \square$

Mental methods should continue to develop, supported by a range of models and images, including the number line. The bar model should continue to be used to help with problem solving.

Written methods (progressing to more than 4-digits)

When understanding of the expanded method is secure, children will move on to the formal method of decomposition, which can be initially modelled with place value counters.



Progress to calculating with decimals, including those with different numbers of decimal places.

Year 6

Missing number/digit problems: $\square$ and $\#$ each stand for a different number. $\# = 34$. $\# + \# = \square + \square + \#$. What is the value of $\square$? What if $\# = 28$? What if $\# = 21$

$10\ 000\ 000 = 9\ 000\ 100 + \square$

$7 - 2 \times 3 = \square$; $(7 - 2) \times 3 = \square$; $(\square - 2) \times 3 = 15$

Mental methods should continue to develop, supported by a range of models and images, including the number line. The bar model should continue to be used to help with problem solving.

Written methods

As year 5, progressing to larger numbers, aiming for both conceptual understanding and procedural fluency with decomposition to be secured.

Continue calculating with decimals, including those with different numbers of decimal places.