

Britain's settlement by Anglo Saxons and Scots, Viking and Anglo Saxon

The Struggle for England in the time of Edward the Confessor

Important Facts

- By around 410 AD, most of the Romans had left and Britain was left vulnerable to invasion
- The Picts and Scots were also powerful fighters and were a threat to Britain
- The Angles and the Saxons also invaded and made many British people to leave or made into slaves.
- England was divided into kingdoms, (Northumbria, Mercia, east Anglia, Wessex, Essex, Sussex and Kent) each with their own king.
- One of the most famous kings was King Alfred the Great.
- The Vikings also came over from Scandinavia (Norway, Sweden and Denmark).
- The Vikings travelled on long ships.
- The Vikings raided treasure and invaded territory

Timeline

- 410 AD The Romans leave Britain unguarded
- 455—586 AD The Kingdoms of England are formed
- 597 AD—St Augustine arrives in Britain and introduces people to Christianity
- 871 AD—Alfred the Great rules
- 1016 AD Canute the Great (Viking King) rules
- 1066 AD—The Battle of Hastings—The Normans defeat the Anglo Saxons



Concepts

Settlement, belief, culture, invasion, empire, monarchy, travel, trade, invention, industry, achievements

Writing Outcome

Non Chronological Report

Questions